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# REPORT ON THE DETERMINATION OF SOUND ABSORPTION COEFFICIENTS OF BAILEY INTERIORS SLOTTED PERFORATED PLASTER CEILING TILES (1200MM x 1200MM) WITH SORBERTEXTILE P44FR ACOUSTIC FABRIC ADHERED TO THE UNDERSIDE OF THE TILE TESTED WITH A 400MM AIR GAP IN A REVERBERATION ROOM.

Testing Procedure: AS ISO 354 - 2006

Testing Laboratory: Applied Acoustics Laboratory

School of Electrical and Computer Engineering

**RMIT University** 

Melbourne, Victoria 3000, Australia NATA Accreditation Number: 1421

Client: Bailey Interiors Pty. Ltd.

83-85 Boundary Road

Mortdale, New South Wales 2223

Australia

Date of Test: 2<sup>nd</sup> of October 2014

Date of Report: 27<sup>th</sup> of November 2014

Report Number: 14-145/PD

Report drafted by: Peter Dale

Testing Officer: Peter Dale

Peter Dale Testing Officer NATA

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

# REPORT ON THE DETERMINATION OF SOUND ABSORPTION COEFFICIENTS OF BAILEY INTERIORS SLOTTED PERFORATED PLASTER CEILING TILES (1200MM x 1200MM) WITH SORBERTEXTILE P44FR ACOUSTIC FABRIC ADHERED TO THE UNDERSIDE OF THE TILE TESTED WITH A 400MM AIR GAP IN A REVERBERATION ROOM.

# 1. INTRODUCTION

The tests described in this report were carried out at the request of the Bailey Interiors Pty. Ltd. to determine the sound absorption coefficients of a sample of Bailey Interiors New Slotted 1200mm x 1200mm Perforated Plaster Ceiling Tiles with Sorbertextile P44FR acoustic fabric adhered to the underside of the tile tested with a 400mm air gap.

The tests were carried out using the Reverberation Room of the School of Electrical and Computer Engineering, The Royal Melbourne Institute of Technology Limited.

Testing has been carried out in accordance with AS ISO 354–2006 "Acoustics: Measurement of sound absorption in a reverberation room".

At the request of the Client, the Weighted Sound Absorption Coefficient  $\alpha_w$  has been determined in accordance with AS ISO 11654-2002 "Acoustics: Sound Absorbers for Use in Buildings - Rating of sound absorption".

The equipment used to perform these tests has been calibrated at an accredited laboratory and is in current calibration.

### 2. TEST FACILITIES AND PROCEDURES

**2.1 Facilities** The Reverberation Room is of pentagonal plan with the ceiling inclined with respect to the floor. No two room dimensions are equal or in the ratio of small whole numbers. The volume of the room is 200.0 cubic metres. A sufficiently diffuse sound field is established by the inclusion of 17 stationary diffusing boards of panelboard, each of one-sided area approximately one square metre and suspended with random orientation. The total two-sided area of the diffusing elements is 0.16 of the total boundary surface area of the room. Previous tests carried out in the room have established that diffusivity of the room sound field is acceptable.

The total surface area of the room boundaries and diffusing elements is 235.6 square metres.

- **2.2 Generation of sound field** The test signals is random noise, band limited to a frequency range of 40Hz to 6300Hz. Three individual loudspeaker positions are used to excite the sound field in the Reverberation Room. The signal is fed to each loudspeaker in turn.
- **2.3 Receipt of signals** Four microphones each mounted in statistically independent locations in the Reverberation Room are used to measure the sound field decays in the room. Ten sound decays are obtained at each of the twelve loudspeaker/microphone combinations, thus representing 120 decays for each frequency band.

The microphone signal is relayed via a microphone amplifier, to a Bruel & Kjaer 3560 Pulse Multi Analyser System. The Pulse analyser is interfaced to a personal computer. A program running on the personal computer allows the determination of the reverberation time from the sound decays in accordance with the standard. The measuring equipment has been calibrated by an external laboratory, and is in current calibration.

### 3. SAMPLE FOR TESTING

As provided by Client:

<u>Bailey Interiors Slotted Perforated 1200mm x 1200mm Plaster Ceiling Tiles with Sorbertextile P44FR acoustic fabric adhered to the underside of the tile and tested with a 400mm air gap:</u>

Manufacturer: Bailey Interiors Pty. Ltd.

Product Designation: Slotted

Construction: Perforated Plaster with Sorbertextile P44FR acoustic

fabric adhered to the underside of the tile.

Colour: White Nominal Open Area of Panel: 10.4%

Hole Pattern: Rectangular Slots in a 15 x 26 layout.

Nominal Slot Size: 8mm x 41mm

Number of Slot per tile: 390

Nominal Individual Panel Size: 1200mm x 1200mm x 13mm

Single Tile Weight (including backing): 10.76kg/m²
Nominal Test Air gap: 400mm
Dimensions of Sample: 3.00m x 3.60m
Area of Sample: 10.80m²

Acoustic Fabric Backing: Sorbertextile P44FR manufactured by Pyrotek Noise

Control (147-149 Magowar Road, Girraween, NSW

2145, Australia)

Acoustic Fabric Colour: Black

Adhesive: Heat activated

The sample was tested on the 2<sup>nd</sup> of October 2014.

The tiles were tested by mounting the tiles on a 420mm in height, 25mm thick MDF Frame with dimensions 3050mm wide by 3650mm long that was installed on the floor of the Reverberation Chamber giving a total sample surface area of 10.80m<sup>2</sup>.

The sample under test was supported in the MDF Test Frame by a steel suspension frame to achieve a 400mm void between the underside of the sample under test and the floor of the Reverberation Chamber. The tiles were installed with the Sobertextile P44FR adhered to the underside of the tile with the perforated plaster face incident to the sound field. Standard ceiling tile suspension grid was also installed in the joins between adjacent ceiling tiles on the sound-incident side of the tiles under test to replicate a standard field installation.

The sound-incident side of the ceiling panel featured a perforated face with 8mm x 41mm slots and is pictured below in detail in Figure 1. Figure 2 shows the rear face of the panel with the Sobertextile P44FR acoustic fabric installed. Figure 3 depicts the sample installed in the Reverberation Chamber for testing.



**Figure 1:** Ceiling Panel front face Detail: Bailey Interiors Slotted Perforated Plaster Ceiling Tiles.



**Figure 2:** Rear Face of Ceiling Tile: Bailey Interiors Slotted Perforated Plaster Ceiling Tiles with Sobertextile P44FR acoustic fabric installed to rear of the tile.



**Figure 3:** Bailey Interiors Slotted Perforated Plaster Ceiling Tiles with Sobertextile P44FR acoustic fabric installed in Reverberation Room.



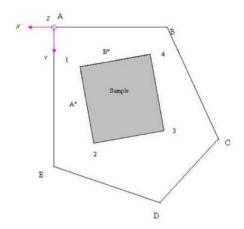
# 4. LOCATION OF SAMPLE IN THE REVERBERATION ROOM

Reverberation Chamber (Not to scale)

X and Y co-ordinates of the sample location in the Reverberation Room

Corner Ref. Number	X co-ordinate (metres)	Y co-ordinate (metres)
1	-1.00	2.00
2	-1.31	5.59
3	-4.30	5.33
4	-3.99	1.74

Descriptor	Diagram Reference	Length (m)
Sample Length 1 to 2	Diagram Ref. A"	3.60
Sample Length 1 to 4	Diagram Ref. B"	3.00



### 5. RESULTS

The mean reverberation times at each frequency for the empty room, T60<sub>e</sub>, the room with the sample installed, T60<sub>e+s</sub>, the sound absorption coefficient and the 95% confidence interval are provided in Table 1. The results are rounded to 0.01. The 95% confidence interval for each frequency is determined from the standard deviation of the reverberation times of the empty room and the room with the sample. The k factor used to determine the 95% Confidence interval is 2.201.

The results for the sample are detailed in Table 1, Table 2 and Graph 1 of this report.

### **Test conditions:**

**Room Empty:** Air temperature  $22.0^{\circ}$ C

Relative Humidity 43%

Barometric Pressure 0.7605 metre of mercury.

**Room with Sample:** Air temperature 21.9°C

Relative Humidity 40%

Barometric Pressure 0.7682 metre of mercury.

**Table 1:** Reverberation times and Sound Absorption Coefficients of Bailey Interiors Slotted Perforated 1200mm x 1200mm Plaster Ceiling Tiles with Sorbertextile P44FR acoustic fabric adhered to the underside of the tile and tested with a 400mm air gap.

1/3 <sup>rd</sup> Octave	Average	Average	Sound	95%	
Centre	RT's for	RT's for	Absorption	Confidence	
Frequency	Empty Room	Room with	Coefficient	Interval for	
Bands	T60 <sub>e</sub>	Sample	$\alpha_{\rm s}$	$\alpha_{\mathrm{s}}$	
(Hz)	(s)	$T60_{e+s}$	005	OUS	
		(s)			
100	7.949	3.994	0.37	0.07	
125	9.124	3.583	0.50	0.06	
160	11.217	4.098	0.46	0.03	
200	9.127	3.802	0.46	0.04	
250	8.060	3.529	0.47	0.04	
315	7.991	3.635	0.45	0.04	
400	7.997	3.530	0.47	0.03	
500	7.407	3.415	0.47	0.04	
630	6.986	3.296	0.47	0.03	
800	6.460	3.180	0.47	0.02	
1000	5.894	2.972	0.49	0.04	
1250	5.108	2.743	0.50	0.03	
1600	4.467	2.527	0.51	0.02	
2000	3.963	2.302	0.54	0.02	
2500	3.336	2.091	0.54	0.03	
3150	2.724	1.831	0.55	0.02	
4000	2.127	1.574	0.51	0.03	
5000	1.722	1.331	0.54	0.05	

N.R.C. of the sample calculated in accordance with ASTM C423-90A is: 0.55

The Weighted Sound Absorption Coefficient  $\alpha_w$  of the sample determined in accordance with AS ISO 11654-1997 "Acoustics: Sound Absorbers for Use in Buildings - Rating of sound absorption" is:

$$\alpha_{\rm w}=0.50$$

The Practical Sound Absorption Coefficients are detailed below in Table 2. These values have been determined in accordance with AS ISO 11654-1997 "Acoustics: Sound Absorbers for Use in Buildings - Rating of sound absorption".

 Table 2: Practical Sound Absorption Coefficients for the sample

Frequency (Hz)	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000
Practical Sound Absorption Coefficient, α <sub>p</sub>	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.50	0.55	0.55

**Graph 1:** Sound Absorption Coefficients of Bailey Interiors Slotted Perforated 1200mm x 1200mm Plaster Ceiling Tiles with Sorbertextile P44FR acoustic fabric adhered to the underside of the tile and tested with a 400mm air gap.

